PARENTING TIME



Part 4

THE COURT ORDER

(Forms and Instructions)

PARENTING TIME

PART 4: THE COURT ORDER

CHECKLIST

You may use the forms and instructions in this packet if . . .

- ✓ You or the other party filed a "Petition to Establish Parenting Time," AND
- ✓ You are going to a default hearing, or you are going to a trial, AND
- ✓ You are ready to complete the court papers about the final order.

READ ME: Consulting a lawyer before filing documents with the court may help prevent unexpected results. A list of lawyers you may hire to advise you on handling your own case or to perform specific tasks, as well as a list of court-approved mediators can be found on the Law Library Resource Center website.

FOR PARENTING TIME

PART 4 -- THE COURT ORDER

(Forms and Instructions)

This packet contains court forms and instructions about the final order on a "Petition to Establish Parenting Time." Items in BOLD are forms that you will need to file with the Court. Non-bold items are instructions or procedures. Do not copy or file those pages!

Order	File Number	Title	# pages
1	DRV8k	Checklist: You may use this packet if	1
2	DRV8t	Index (this page)	1
3	DRV81h	Help to Complete "Order for Parenting Time"	1
4	DRCVG12h	Parenting Plan Information	2
5	DRV81f	"Order for Parenting Time"	3
6	DRCVG11f	"Parenting Plan"	10

The documents you have received are copyrighted by the Superior Court of Arizona in Maricopa County. You have permission to use them for any lawful purpose. These forms shall not be used to engage in the unauthorized practice of law. The Court assumes no responsibility and accepts no liability for actions taken by users of these documents, including reliance on their contents. The documents are under continual revision and are current only for the day they were received. It is strongly recommended that you verify on a regular basis that you have the most current documents.

INSTRUCTIONS: HOW TO FILL OUT THE COURT ORDER FOR PARENTING TIME

Important Notice: Do not complete this court order unless you have a Default Hearing or Trial Date scheduled.

The Order is the legal document that is the Judge's order on the court lawsuit. The signed Order is important because it determines the rights and responsibilities of both you and the opposing party. If either party does not follow the Order, then the other can ask the court for help in enforcing the terms of the Order.

This order is designed for parties who want to get a court order of Parenting Time. You **cannot** use this form to establish paternity, Legal Decision-Making (legal custody), or support. Use this form **only** if you are the natural or adoptive parent of the child(ren) AND

- You already have a court order establishing paternity, OR
- You have a court order for child support.

If you want a court order for Parenting Time, the Court will also want to review the current child support order. If there is no order, the Court will establish child support in this case or, if the child support order needs to be changed, the Court will do so in this case.

WHEN FILLING OUT ANY COURT FORMS, TYPE OR PRINT WITH BLACK INK ONLY!

<u>IMPORTANT REMINDER!!</u> Your Order should repeat as closely as possible what you requested in your Petition, unless the opposing party has provided written consent to any changes. You cannot mark something different in the order from what you asked for in the petition, unless the change clearly benefits the opposing party. If you try to do this, the Judge or Commissioner will **not** sign the order. If you want to change your requests to the Court, you must file an amended petition. It is a good idea to have your petition handy when you fill out the Order.

The Court Findings:

- 1. This states that the Court has all information necessary to enter a Judgment and Order.
- 2. This states that this court is able to make the Orders relating to you and the opposing party.
- 3. This states that the Court will make only those Orders that are legally proper under the circumstances of your case.
- 4. Print or type the full name of the Petitioner/Party A and the Respondent/Party B in the spaces provided, then put the name of the child(ren) for whom Parenting Time/support is established and their date(s) of birth.
- 5. If you are asking for supervised or no Parenting Time for the other party, you must have a very good reason. Write that reason in here.

The Judgment and Order: "It Is Ordered That . . . "

- 1. Complete the Parenting Time plan here. Use the Petition as your guide -- you cannot write in something you did **not** ask for in the Petition, unless the other party agrees.
- 2. If you are asking for supervised Parenting Time, explain why.
- 3. If you want supervised Parenting Time, write in all the details about how that will be handled.
- 4. If there is any other order you want, write it in.

Judge's signature, and copy for other party:

You do not have a valid court order **until** the Judge signs and dates the original order, which will occur at or after the default hearing or at the trial on the case. Be sure to get a certified copy of the signed order for your records. Also, if the other party does not have a copy, mail a copy of the signed and dated order to him or her.

PARENTING PLAN INFORMATION

A.R.S. § 25-401 defines legal decision-making and parenting time as follows:

- "Legal Decision-Making" means the legal right and responsibility to make all nonemergency legal decisions for a child including those regarding education, health care, religious training and personal care decisions.
- 2. "Joint Legal Decision-Making" means both parents share decision-making and neither parent's rights nor responsibilities are superior except with respect to specified decisions as set forth by the Court or the parents in the final judgment or order.

PARENTS PLEASE NOTE: Per A.R.S § 25-403.09, an award of joint legal decision-making or a substantially equal parenting time plan does <u>not</u> diminish the responsibility of either parent to provide for the support of the child. Also note that joint legal decision-making does <u>not</u> necessarily mean equal parenting time. A.R.S. § 25-403.02(E)

- 3. "Sole Legal Decision-Making" means one parent has the legal right and responsibility to make major decisions for a child.
- **4.** "Parenting Time" means the schedule of time during which each parent has access to a child at specified times. Each parent during their scheduled parenting time is responsible for providing the child with food, clothing and shelter and may make routine decisions concerning the child's care.

You may view the "Parenting Time Guidelines" online at the Arizona Supreme Court's website.

Drafting a Parenting Plan:

The written parenting plan pays attention to how the parents will make decisions pertaining to the child(ren)'s education, health care, religious training, and personal care; it is a blend of specific information with generalized plans of action. It should reflect what the parents are currently doing or what they actually plan to do. It should reflect a commitment to the minor child(ren)'s needs as predominant.

If the parents <u>cannot agree</u> on a plan for legal decision-making or parenting time, <u>each parent must submit a</u> proposed parenting plan. A.R.S. § 25-403.02(A)

In order for the Court to approve a parenting plan, A.R.S. § 25-403.02 requires the Court to make the following findings:

- a. The best interests of the minor child(ren) are served;
- b. The plan designates legal decision-making as joint or sole:
- c. The plan sets forth each parent's rights and responsibilities for the personal care of the minor child(ren) and for decisions in areas such as education, health care, and religious training;
- d. The plan provides a practical schedule of parenting time for the child, including holidays and school vacations:

- e. The plan includes a procedure for exchanges of the child, including location and responsibility for transportation;
- f. The plan includes a procedure by which proposed changes, disputes and alleged breaches may be mediated or resolved, which may include the use of Conciliation Services or private counseling;
- g. The plan includes a procedure for periodic review (e.g., parents agree to review the terms of the agreement every 12 months.);
- h. The plan includes a procedure for communicating with each other about the child, including methods and frequency;
- i. The plan includes a statement that each party has read, understands, and will abide by the notification requirements of A.R.S. § 25-403.05(B). (A parent must immediately notify the other parent if the parent knows that a convicted/registered sex offender or a person who has been convicted of a dangerous crime against children may have access to the child. Notice must be provided (i) by first class mail, return receipt requested, (ii) by electronic means to an e-mail address the recipient provided to the parent for notification purposes, or (iii) by other communication accepted by the Court.)

The following questions may be used as a starting place when drafting a parenting plan:

- **1. The geographical location of the parents:** Where do parents live relative to one another? What are their addresses? Permanent or temporary?
- 2. Arrangements regarding the residential requirements of the minor child(ren): How much time will the minor child(ren) spend with each parent? Be as specific as possible, including days and times.
- **Arrangements for holidays and vacations:** What are your plans for summer vacation and school breaks? List specific details including dates and times.
- **4. Arrangements for education:** How will decisions be made for educational matters? For example, if preschool age, what school will the minor child(ren) attend? If private school, who pays what?
- **5. Additional transportation arrangements:** Will any additional transportation arrangements be needed? If so, what will be the responsibilities of each parent?
- **6. Determinations regarding minor child(ren)'s health care:** For example, how will medical decisions be made? Who will provide insurance? How are non-insured expenses paid? Who decides on seeking non-emergency treatment? Is there a dental plan? If not, who will pay what?
- **7. Arrangements regarding extraordinary expenses:** For example, what financial arrangements are made for the minor child(ren) (such as each sharing extraordinary expenditures and the parent with whom the minor child(ren) resides bearing the ordinary ones during the minor child(ren)'s residency)? A fixed amount per month?
- **8. Arrangements for minor child(ren)'s religious training, if any:** For example, how will decisions be made for religious training? What, if any, are the plans for religious training?
- **9. Any other factors:** What other arrangements (such as music lessons, sports/activity fees, camp or Scouts) are needed?

Perso	n Filing:		
Addre	ss (if not protected):		
City, S	State, Zip Code:		
Telepi	none:		
	Address:		
ATLA	S Number:		FOR CLERK'S USE ONLY
Lawye	r's Bar Number:		
Repre	senting Self, without a Lawyer or	Attorney for Petitioner OR	Respondent
		R COURT OF ARIZO	DNA
Petitio	ner/Party A's Name	Case Number:	
	•	ORDER FOR P	ARENTING TIME
·	endent/Party B's Name		
1.	This case has come before this Cour enter final Orders.	rt for a final Order. The Court I	has taken all testimony needed to
2.	This Court has jurisdiction over the par	rties under the law.	
3.	Where it has the legal power to do so considered, approved, and made Orde	• •	
4.	This order applies to the following of	child(ren):	
	NAME(s	s)	DATE(s) OF BIRTH(s)

		Case No
_	DADE	TAIT INFORMATION PROOPAN
5.	PARE	ENT INFORMATION PROGRAM.
	A.	Party A has attended the Parent Information Program as evidenced by the Certificate of Completion in the Court file, OR
		Party A has not attended the Parent Information Program class and shall be denied any requested relief to enforce or modify this Order until Party A has completed the class.
	В.	Party B has attended the Parent Information Program class as evidenced by the Certificate of Completion in the Court file, OR
		Party B has not attended the Parent Information Program class and shall be denied any requested relief to enforce or modify this Order until Party B has completed the class.
6.	(Check	And Complete Below Only If Supervised Parenting Time Or No Parenting Time Is Ordered)
		Supervised Parenting Time OR No Parenting Time
		between minor children and Party A OR Party B is in the best interests of
		the minor children, because: (Explain.)
THE	COU	RT ORDERS:
1.	PARE	ENTING TIME AS FOLLOWS: (Check only one.)
		Reasonable parenting time rights as described in the attached Parenting Plan.

Party A OR Party B,

Supervised parenting time between the children and

No parenting time rights to Party A OR Party B.

а	. Name of perso	n to supervise:	
			(if applicable)
b	. Parenting time	is restricted as fo	llows:
С	. Cost of superv	ised parenting tim	e (if applicable) to be paid by:
	Party A		
	Party B,	OR	
	Shared equ	ually by the parties.	
		_	
HER ORDE	RS related to P	arenting Time:	
OTHER, (E)	xplain specifically)		
OTHER. (E	xpiairi specifically)		
			izona Rules of Family Law Procedure, Rule 78 d by the Court and shall be entered by the clerk.
	RS: This court matrice it in the count matrice it is the count of the		relating to this matter as follows:
•		,,	
ONE IN OPEN C	OURT this	day of	, 20
			JUDGE OR COURT COMMISSIONER

Person Filing:				
Address (if not protected):				
City, State, Zip Code:				
Telephone:				
Email Address:	For Clerk's Use Only			
Lawyer's Bar Number:				
Representing Self, without a Lawyer or	Attorney for Petitioner or Respondent			
	COURT OF ARIZONA RICOPA COUNTY Case No			
Petitioner/Party A	PARENTING PLAN FOR			
	☐ JOINT LEGAL DECISION-MAKING			
Respondent/Party B OR				
	SOLE LEGAL DECISION-MAKING			
IN	STRUCTIONS			

This document has 4 parts: PART 1) General Information; PART 2) Legal Decision-making and Parenting Time; PART 3) Danger to Children Notification Statement; and PART 4) Joint Legal Decision-making Agreement. Where this form refers to "children" it refers to any and all minor children common to the parties whether one or more.

One or both parents must complete and sign the Plan as follows:

- a. If only one parent is submitting the Plan: that parent must sign at the end of PART 2 and 3.
- b. If both parents agree to legal decision-making and parenting time arrangements <u>but not</u> to joint legal decision-making: Both parents must sign the Plan at the end of PART 2 <u>and</u> 3, and the Affidavits under Section 5.
- c. If both parents agree to joint legal decision-making and parenting time arrangements as presented in the Plan: Both parents must sign the Plan at the end of PARTS 2, 3, and 4, and the Affidavits under Section 5.

PART	1:	GENERAL INFORMATION:
A.		OR CHILDREN. This Plan concerns the following minor children: additional paper if necessary)
В.		FOLLOWING LEGAL DECISION-MAKING ARRANGEMENT IS REQUESTED: ose ONE of 1, 2, 3, 4.)
	<u> </u>	SOLE LEGAL DECISION-MAKING BY <u>AGREEMENT</u> .
		The parents agree that sole legal decision-making authority should be granted to Party A Party B.
	OR	The parents agree that since each has a unique contribution to offer to the growth and development of their minor children, each of them will continue to have a full and active role in providing a sound moral, social, economic, and educational environment for the benefit of the minor children, as described in the following pages,
	2.	SOLE LEGAL DECISION-MAKING REQUESTED BY THE PARENT SUBMITTING THIS PLAN. The parents cannot agree to the terms of legal decision-making and parenting time. The parent submitting this Plan asks the Court to order sole legal decision-making authority and parenting time according to this Plan.
	OR	
	☐ 3.	JOINT LEGAL DECISION-MAKING BY <u>AGREEMENT</u> . The parents agree to joint legal decision-making and request the Court to approve the joint legal decision-making arrangement as described in this Plan.
	OR	5
	<u> </u>	JOINT LEGAL DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY REQUESTED BY THE PARENT SUBMITTING THIS PLAN.
		The parents cannot agree to the terms of legal decision-making and parenting time or are unable to submit this plan together at this time. My request for joint legal decision-

making authority is deferred for the Court's determination.

PART	PARENTING TIME. Complete each section below. Be specific about what you we the Judge to approve in the court order.					
A.	(School Year) WEEKDAY AND WEEKEND TIME-SHARING SCHEDULE:					
	☐ The minor children will be in the care of Party A as follows: (Explain).					
	☐ The minor children will be in the care of Party B as follows: (Explain).					
	Other parenting time arrangements are as follows: (Explain).					
	Transportation will be provided as follows:					
	Party A or Party B will pick the minor children up at o'clock					
	Party A or Party B will drop the minor children off at o'clock Parents may change their time-share arrangements by mutual agreement with at legacy days' notice in advance to the other parent.					
В.	SUMMER MONTHS OR SCHOOL BREAK LONGER THAN 4 DAYS: The weekday and weekend schedule described above will apply for all 12 calendar months EXCEPT:					
	During summer months or school breaks that last longer than 4 days, no changes shall be made. OR,					
	During summer months or school breaks that last longer than 4 days, the minor children will be in the care of Party A: (Explain)					
	During summer months or school breaks that last longer than 4 days, the minor children will be in the care of Party B:(Explain)					
	Each parent is entitled to a week period of vacation time with the mi children. The parents will work out the details of the vacation at least days in advance.					

C. TRAVEL						
other parent info	Should either parent travel out of the area with the minor children, each parent will keep the other parent informed of travel plans, address(es), and telephone number(s) at which that parent and the minor children can be reached.					
Neither parent	shall travel with	n the minor chil	dren outside Arizona	for longer than		
			onsent of the other pare	_		
court.						
D. HOLIDAY SCHED schedule as describe access/Parenting tin	ed above. Check t	•	s priority over the rego oply and indicate the year	_		
<u>Holiday</u>	Even	Years	Odd	Years		
New Year's Eve	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
New Year's Day	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Spring Vacation	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Easter	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
4th of July	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Halloween	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Veteran's Day	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Thanksgiving	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Hanukkah	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Christmas Eve	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Christmas Day	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Winter Break	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Child's Birthday	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Mother's Day	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Father's Day	Party A	Party B	Party A	Party B		
Each parent n	nay have the child	dren on his or her	birthday.			
Day, Labor D	Three-day weekends which include Martin Luther King Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, the children will remain in the care of the parent who has the minor children for the weekend.					

		Case No.
		Other Holidays (Describe the other holidays and the arrangement):
		<u>Telephone Contact</u> : Each parent may have telephone contact with the minor children during the children's normal waking hours, OR: (Explain)
		Other (Explain):
E.	25-4 are chil	RENTAL ACCESS TO RECORDS AND INFORMATION: Under Arizona law (A.R.S. § 403.06), unless otherwise provided by court order or law, on reasonable request, both parents entitled to have equal access to documents and other information concerning the minor dren's education and physical, mental, moral and emotional health including medical, bol, police, court and other records.
	• ,	A person who does not comply with a reasonable request for these records shall reimburse the requesting parent for court costs and attorney fees incurred by that parent to make the other parent obey this request. A parent who attempts to restrict the release of documents or information by the custodian of the records without a prior court order is subject to legal sanctions.
F.	EDI	UCATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS:
	Т	This Parenting Plan incorporates by reference the following Education Order:
		☐ Joint Legal Decision-Making Education Order ☐ Sole Legal Decision-Making Education Order
		NOTE: The Education Order you select must match the type of legal decision-making that ou request in this Parenting Plan.
G.	ME	DICAL AND DENTAL ARRANGEMENTS:
	1 (Both parents have the right to authorize emergency medical treatment, if needed, and the right to consult with physicians and other medical practitioners. Both parents agree to advise the other parent immediately of any emergency medical/dental care sought for the minor children, to cooperate on health matters concerning the children and to keep one another reasonably informed. Both parents agree to keep each other informed as to names, addresses and telephone numbers of all medical/dental care providers.
		Both parents will make major medical decisions together, except for emergency situations as noted above. (optional) If the parents do not reach an agreement, then:

	Case No
	OR
	☐ Major medical/dental decisions will be made by ☐ Party A ☐ Party B after consulting the other parent.
Η.	RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ARRANGEMENTS: (Choose ONE)
	Each parent may take the minor children to a church or place of worship of his or her choice during the time that the minor children is/are in his or her care.
	☐ Both parents agree that the minor children may be instructed in the faith.
	Both parents agree that religious arrangements are not applicable to this plan.
I.	ADDITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND COMMENTS:
	NOTIFY OTHER PARENT OF ADDRESS CHANGE. Each parent will inform the other parent of any change of address and/or phone number in advance OR within days of the change.
	NOTIFY OTHER PARENT OF EMERGENCY. Both parents agree that each parent will promptly inform the other parent of any emergency or other important event that involves the minor children.
	TALK TO OTHER PARENT ABOUT EXTRA ACTIVITIES. Each parent will consult and agree with the other parent regarding any extra activity that affects the minor children's access to the other parent.
	ASK OTHER PARENT IF HE/SHE WANTS TO TAKE CARE OF CHILDREN. Each parent agrees to consider the other parent as care-provider for the minor children before making other arrangements.
	OBTAIN WRITTEN CONSENT BEFORE MOVING. Neither parent will move with the minor children out of the Phoenix metropolitan area without prior written consent of the other parent, or a court-ordered Parenting Plan. A.R.S. 25-408 (B)
	COMMUNICATE. Each parent agrees that all communications regarding the minor children will be between the parents and that they will not use the minor children to convey information or to set up parenting time changes.
	☐ METHOD OF COMMUNICATION. Each parent agrees to use the following means of communication:

	FREQUENCY OF COMMUNICATION. Each parent agrees to communicate regarding the child(ren) on a regular basis. That communication schedule will be			
	and will be by the following methods: Phone	Email Other		
	PRAISE OTHER PARENT. Each parent agrees to e minor children and the other parent, and neither parent other parent's relationship with the minor children.	•		
	COOPERATE AND WORK TOGETHER. Both part work cooperatively in future plans consistent with t and to amicably resolve such disputes as may arise.			
	NOTIFY OTHER PARENT OF PROBLEMS WITH TIME-SHARING AHEAD OF TIME. If either parent is unable to follow through with the time-sharing arrangements involving the minor child(ren), that parent will notify the other parent as soon as possible.			
	PARENTING PLAN. Both parents agree that if either parent moves out of the area and returns later, they will use the most recent "Parenting Plan/Access Agreement" in place before the move.			
	MEDIATION. If the parents are unable to reach a mutual agreement regarding a legal change to their parenting orders, they may request mediation through the court or a private mediator of their choice.			
	NOTICE: Do not deviate from Parenting Plan until dispute is resolved.			
	Both parents are advised that while a dispute is being resolved, neither parent shall deviate from this Parenting Plan, or act in such a way that is inconsistent with the terms of this agreement.			
	Once this Plan has been made an order of the Court, if either parent disobeys the court order related to parenting time with the children, the other parent may submit court papers to request enforcement. See the Law Library Resource Center packets to enforce a court order.			
PART 2:	SIGNATURE OF ONE OR BOTH PARENTS (a	as instructed on page 1)		
Signature	of Party A:	Date:		
Signature	of Party B:	Date:		

PART 3: STATEMENT REGARDING CONTACT WITH SEX OFFENDERS AND PERSONS CONVICTED OF DANGEROUS CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN.

According to A.R.S. §25-403.05, a child's parent or custodian must immediately notify the other parent or custodian if the person knows that a convicted or registered sex offender or someone who has been convicted of a dangerous crime against children may have access to the child.

The parent or custodian must provide notice (by first class mail, return receipt requested, by electronic means to an electronic mail address that the recipient provided) to the parent or custodian for notification purposes or by another form of communication accepted by the court.

According to A.R.S. § 13-705 (P) (1), "Dangerous crime against children" means any of the following that is committed against a minor who is under fifteen years of age:

- (a) Second degree murder.
- (b) Aggravated assault resulting in serious physical injury or involving the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument.
- (c) Sexual assault.
- (d) Molestation of a child.
- (e) Sexual conduct with a minor.
- (f) Commercial sexual exploitation of a minor.
- (g) Sexual exploitation of a minor.
- (h) Child abuse as prescribed in section 13-3623, subsection A, paragraph 1.
- (i) Kidnapping.
- (j) Sexual abuse.
- (k) Taking a child for the purpose of prostitution as prescribed in section 13-3206.
- (1) Child prostitution as prescribed in section 13-3212.
- (m) Involving or using minors in drug offenses.
- (n) Continuous sexual abuse of a child.
- (o) Attempted first degree murder.
- (p) Sex trafficking.
- (q) Manufacturing methamphetamine under circumstances that cause physical injury to a minor.
- (r) Bestiality as prescribed in section 13-1411, subsection A, paragraph 2.
- (s) Luring a minor for sexual exploitation.
- (t) Aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation.
- (u) Unlawful age misrepresentation.

concerning notification of other parent or custodian if s against children may have access to the child.	someone convicted of dangerous crime
Signature of Party A:	Date:
Signature of Party B:	Date:
A. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: Arizona Law (A.R.S. § 25-4 making authority shall NOT be awarded if there either has pursuant to A.R.S. § 13-3601 OR "a significant history Domestic Violence has not occurred between the parties has not been "significant domestic violence"; (2) the domestic violence, (3) and/or domestic violence has	403.03) states that joint legal decisionas been "significant domestic violence" of domestic violence." rties, OR , but one of the following applies: (1) it are has not been a "significant history of
B. DUI or DRUG CONVICTIONS: (A.R.S. § 25-403.04)	
Neither party has been convicted of driving under the past 12 months, OR	e influence or a drug offense within the
One of the parties HAS been convicted of driving within the past 12 months, but the parties feel Joint interest of the children.*	C

SIGNATURE OF ONE OR BOTH PARENTS (as instructed on page 1)

I/We have read, understand, and agree to abide by the requirements of A.R.S. § 25-403.05

Case No.

PART 3:

		Case No
	*	IF THERE HAS BEEN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE OR A DUI OR DRUG CONVICTION:
Expla childr		elow why Joint Legal Decision-making is still in the best interest of the
		EGAL DECISION-MAKING AGREEMENT: If the parents have agreed to joint lega making, the following will apply, subject to approval by the Judge:
1.		EVIEW: The parents agree to review the terms of this agreement and make any cessary or desired changes every month(s) from the date of this document
2.		RITERIA. Our joint legal decision-making agreement meets the criteria required by izona law A.R.S. § 25-403.02, as listed below:
	a.	The best interests of the minor children are served;
	b.	Each parent's rights and responsibilities for personal care of the minor children and for decisions in education, health care and religious training are designated in this Plan;
	c.	A practical schedule of the parenting time for the minor children, including holidays and school vacations is included in the Plan;
	d.	A procedure for the exchange(s) of the child(ren) including location and responsibility for transportation.
	e.	The Plan includes a procedure for periodic review;
	f.	The Plan includes a procedure by which proposed changes, disputes and alleged breaches may be mediated or resolved.
	g.	A procedure for communicating with each other about the child, including methods and frequency.

PART 4:

Signature of Party A: _____ Date: ____

Signature of Party B: _____ Date: _____

MAKING AUTHORITY (as instructed on page 1)

SIGNATURES OF BOTH PARENTS REQUESTING JOINT LEGAL DECISION-

This signatudocuments.	are page belongs to the form titled '	'Parenting Plan" an	d cannot be used with any other
PART 5:	AFFIDAVITS		
	I declare under penalty of perjury t	he foregoing is true	and correct.
Petitioner's	s/Party A's Signature	Date	
STATE OF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
COUNTY	OF	_	
Subscribed	and sworn to or affirmed before me	this:	(Date)
by			(Date)
(Notarial O	officer's Stamp or Seal)	Notarial Officer	
Responden	t's/Party B's Signature	 Date	
STATE OF	·		
COUNTY	OF	_	
Subscribed	and sworn to or affirmed before me	this:	(Date)
by			(Date)
(Notarial O	officer's Stamp or Seal)	Notarial Officer	

Case No.

Person Filing:	
Address (if not protected):	
City, State, Zip Code:	
Telephone:	
Email Address:	
ATLAS Number:	
Lawyer's Bar Number:	For Clerk's Use Only
Representing Self, without a Lawye	er OR Attorney for Petitioner OR Respondent
	IOR COURT OF ARIZONA MARICOPA COUNTY
	Case No
(Name of Petitioner/Party A)	JOINT LEGAL DECISION-MAKING EDUCATION ORDER
(Name of Respondent/Party B)	
THE COURT FINDS AS FOLLOWS:	
1. The parties have the following mind	or child(ren) (hereinafter the "minor child(ren)"):
Name:	Born:
Name:	
	Born:
Name:	Born: Born:
Name:	Born: Born: Born:
Name:Name:	Born: Born: Born: Born:

2. An order regarding legal decision-making and/or parenting time in the best interests of the minor child(ren) (also referred to as a "Parenting Plan") was entered by this Court on (insert date)

	Case Number:
3.	A.R.S. § 25-401 defines two different types of legal decision-making. "Joint legal decision-making" means both parties share decision-making and neither party's rights or responsibilities are superior except with respect to specified decisions as set forth by the court or the parties in the final judgment or order. "Sole legal decision-making" means one party has the legal right and responsibility to make major decisions for a child. In this case, the Court has awarded joint legal decision-making to the parties.
4.	It furthers the best interests of the minor child(ren) for this Court to enter the following school-specific order that reflects relevant provisions under the Parenting Plan. This order serves to supplement, but not modify or replace, the provisions set forth in the Parenting Plan. If there is a conflict between this order and the current Parenting Plan, the Parenting Plan controls. For purposes of this order, the terms apply equally to schools, pre-schools, and institutional childcare providers.
5.	This order is binding upon the parties, who are responsible for complying with its terms and the terms in the Parenting Plan. It is not binding on a school but is provided as guidance for the child(ren)'s schools.
Ba	sed thereon,
IT	IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:
1.	Delivery to School.
	The parties are required to provide a copy of this order to the minor child(ren)'s school(s).
2.	Joint Legal Decision-making.
	The parties have been awarded joint legal decision-making. As it relates to this Education Order, legal decisions include school selection, enrollment/withdrawal, and special services (IEP/504 Plans). In the event the parties cannot agree (select appropriate box):
	Joint Decision-making: Neither party is entitled to any greater decision-making authority. No change can be made, nor any action taken, unless the parties agree or a court order resolves the issue.

Petitioner/Party A

party has "presumptive" or "final" authority):

Joint Decision-making with a party having either "Final" or "Presumptive" Authority: Subject to the terms set forth in the Parenting Plan, decisions will be made by (indicate which

Respondent /Party B

Case Number:

3. School Selection.

Enrollment of the minor child(ren) in a particular school is subject to the school's policies or rules, space availability, enrollment restrictions set by the school or school district or its authorizer (if a charter school), and state law. A party may submit enrollment documentation to the school of choice solely for the purpose of reserving the minor child(ren)'s place at the school. Neither party is restricted from selecting their preference of school for open enrollment purposes.

4. Special Services.

If the minor child(ren) is/are eligible for or being considered for a 504 Plan, an Individualized Education Program (IEP), an Individualized Service Plan (ISP), or other special services:

- An evaluation as to the minor child(ren)'s eligibility for special services shall proceed so long as at least one party consents.
- Both parties are entitled to attend all meetings with school officials that parents are permitted to attend.
- Both parties are authorized to have access to all special services records and testing results.
- Upon completion of any evaluation or assessments, if there is no agreement between the parties regarding the provision of special education and related special services, the decision of how to proceed must be decided in accordance with the legal decision-making orders of the court.

5. Parenting Time and Child Pick-Up.

The school should not use the parenting schedule as a basis to deny either party access to their minor child(ren), nor may either party instruct the school to limit contact, unless otherwise ordered. Each party may pick up the minor child(ren) from school and each may authorize other individuals to pick up the minor child(ren), unless there are limitations under the terms of the current Parenting Plan or another court order.

6. Contact Information.

Each party's home address, e-mail, cell phone and any other contact information must be provided to the school and listed by the school as the contact information for the minor child(ren). Additional emergency contacts may be listed, but in the event of a dispute between the parties, the school must list any person requested by either party until the parties reach an agreement or secure a court order to the contrary. In the event of an emergency, either party may make decisions for the minor child(ren)'s immediate care.

7. Access to School Grounds.

Subject to the policies of the school, or any provisions set forth in the Parenting Plan or other order of the court, there are no restrictions on either party's right to participate in school activities or events, or engage in any parent volunteer activities, that parents are generally permitted to participate in.

Case Number:	

8. Access to School Records and Parent Portal.

Both parties are entitled to equal access to the minor child(ren)'s school records. Neither party may restrict the other party's access to information. Further, each party is individually responsible for contacting the school and requesting to be included on any mailing or distribution list.

Both parties are entitled to access the school's student information system or online parent portal(s) (e.g., ParentVUE, Google Classroom, Infinite Campus, etc.). Unless the school allows each party to have an individual login account, the parties must create a joint login ID and password, which will not be changed or modified without the consent of the other party.

9. Parent-Teacher Conferences.

Each of the parties has equal right to confer with teachers and counselors concerning the minor child(ren)'s education and other activities. The parties may request joint or separate parent-teacher conferences, and the school may or may not accommodate the request.

10. Future Litigation.

The parties must make best efforts to agree upon the admission of school records or communications without the need for foundational testimony or agree upon the submission of an affidavit from the custodian of records to authenticate the records in lieu of testimony, whenever possible. If a teacher or school official is required for substantive testimony, the scheduling of such testimony will, when possible, be set at a time that is least disruptive to the school, its other students, and its operations. Presumptively, accommodations will be made to allow virtual appearances by the teacher or school official.

acation-Related Orde	ers:	
day of		
	By:_	Judicial Officer Superior Court of Maricopa County
		day ofBy:

Person Filing:	
Address (if not protected):	
City, State, Zip Code:	
Telephone:	
Email Address:	
ATLAS Number:	For Clerk's Use Only
Lawyer's Bar Number:	
Representing Self, without a Lawyer OR	Attorney for Petitioner OR Respondent
SUPERIOR COUR IN MARICOPA	
	Case No
(Name of Petitioner/Party A)	SOLE LEGAL DECISION-MAKING EDUCATION ORDER
(Name of Respondent/Party B)	
THE COURT FINDS AS FOLLOWS:	
1. The parties have the following minor child(ren)) (hereinafter the "minor child(ren)"):
Name:	Born:
Name:	
Name:	Born:
2. An order regarding legal decision-making and/c child(ren) (also referred to as a "Parenting Pla——.	or parenting time in the best interests of the minor an") was entered by this Court on (insert date)

Case Number:	
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- 3. A.R.S. § 25-401 defines two different types of legal decision-making. "Joint legal decision-making" means both parties share decision-making and neither party's rights or responsibilities are superior except with respect to specified decisions as set forth by the court or the parties in the final judgment or order. "Sole legal decision-making" means one party has the legal right and responsibility to make major decisions for a child. In this case, the Court has awarded sole legal decision-making to one party.
- 4. It furthers the best interests of the minor child(ren) for this Court to enter the following school-specific order that reflects relevant provisions under the Parenting Plan. This order serves to supplement, but not modify or replace, the provisions set forth in the Parenting Plan. If there is a conflict between this order and the current Parenting Plan, the Parenting Plan controls. For purposes of this order, the terms apply equally to schools, pre-schools, and institutional childcare providers.
- 5. This order is binding upon the parties, who are responsible for complying with its terms and the terms in the Parenting Plan. It is not binding on a school but is provided as guidance for the child(ren)'s schools.

Based thereon,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. Delivery to School.

The parties are required to provide a copy of this order to the minor child(ren)'s school(s).

2. Sole Legal Decision-making.

Sole legal decision-making authority has	been awarded to (indicate which party has sole legal	l
decision-making): Petitioner/Party A	Respondent/Party B	

As it relates to this Education Order, legal decisions include school selection, enrollment/withdrawal, and special services (IEP/504 Plans).

3. School Selection.

Only the party with sole legal decision-making authority has the authority to select the minor child(ren)'s school. However, enrollment of the minor child(ren) in a particular school is subject to the school's policies or rules, space availability, enrollment restrictions set by the school or school district or its authorizer (if a charter school), and state law.

Case Number:	
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4. Special Services.

If the minor child(ren) is/are eligible for or being considered for a 504 Plan, an Individualized Education Program (IEP), an Individualized Service Plan (ISP), or other special services, only the party with sole legal decision-making has the authority to consent to evaluation and/or the child(ren)'s participation in special education and related special services.

Both parties are entitled to attend all meetings with school officials that parents are permitted to attend. Both parties are authorized to have access to all special services records and testing results.

5. Parenting Time and Child Pick-Up.

The school should not use the parenting schedule as a basis to deny either party access to their minor child(ren), nor may either party instruct the school to limit contact, unless otherwise ordered. Each party may pick up the minor child(ren) from school and each may authorize other individuals to pick up the minor child(ren), unless there are limitations under the terms of the current Parenting Plan or other court order.

6. Contact Information.

Each party's home address, e-mail, cell phone and any other contact information must be provided to the school and listed by the school as the contact information for the minor child(ren). Additional emergency contacts may be listed, but in the event of a dispute between the parties, the school must list any person requested by either party until the parties reach an agreement or secure a court order to the contrary. In the event of an emergency, either party may make decisions for the minor child(ren)'s immediate care.

7. Access to School Grounds.

Subject to the policies of the school, or any provisions set forth in the Parenting Plan or other order of the court, there are no restrictions on either party's right to participate in school activities or events, or engage in any parent volunteer activities, that parents are generally permitted to participate in.

8. Access to School Records and Parent Portal.

Both parties are entitled to equal access to the minor child(ren)'s school records. Neither party may restrict the other party's access to information. Further, each party is individually responsible for contacting the school and requesting to be included on any mailing or distribution list.

Both parties are entitled to access the school's student information system or online parent portal(s) (e.g., ParentVUE, Google Classroom, Infinite Campus, etc.). Unless the school allows each party to have an individual login account, the parties must create a joint login ID and password, which will not be changed or modified without the consent of the other party.

Case Number:

9. Parent-Teacher Conferences.

Each of the parties has the equal right to confer with teachers and counselors concerning the minor child(ren)'s education and other activities. The parties may request joint or separate parent-teacher conferences, and the school may or may not accommodate the request.

10. Future Litigation.

The parties must make best efforts to agree upon the admission of school records or communications without the need for foundational testimony or agree upon the submission of an affidavit from the custodian of records to authenticate the records in lieu of testimony, whenever possible. If a teacher or school official is required for substantive testimony, the scheduling of such testimony will, when possible, be set at a time that is least disruptive to the school, its other students, and its operations. Presumptively, accommodations will be made to allow virtual appearances by the teacher or school official.

11. Additional Education-Relat	Orders:
Signed this day of	
	By: